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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/806,061	03/22/2004	Rajiv Kumar	U 015095-2	1536

7590 09/29/2006

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New York, NY 10023

EXAMINER

SEAMAN, D MARGARET M

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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1625

DATE MAILED: 09/29/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/806,061

Applicant(s)

KUMAR ET AL.

Examiner

D. Margaret Seaman

Art Unit

1625

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on ____.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) ____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☒ Claim(s) 1-11 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on ____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. ____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____. |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date ____. | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: ____. |

DETAILED ACTION

This application was filed 3/22/2004. Claims 1-11 are before the examiner and are subject to the following election/restriction.

Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-11 (in part), drawn to methods of making pyridine wherein the carbonyl compound used is formaldehyde, classified in class 546, subclass 249-255, depending upon an election of a single disclosed reaction to make a single disclosed pyridine.
 - II. Claims 1-11 (in part), drawn to methods of making pyridine wherein the carbonyl compound used is acetaldehyde, classified in class 546, subclass 249-255, depending upon an election of a single disclosed reaction to make a single disclosed pyridine.
 - III. Claims 1-11 (in part), drawn to methods of making pyridine wherein the carbonyl compound used is propionaldehyde, classified in class 546, subclass 249-255, depending upon an election of a single disclosed reaction to make a single disclosed pyridine.
 - IV. Claims 1-11 (in part), drawn to methods of making pyridine wherein the carbonyl compound used is acetone, classified in class 546, subclass 249-255, depending upon an election of a single disclosed reaction to make a single disclosed pyridine.

- V. Claims 1-11 (in part), drawn to methods of making pyridine wherein the carbonyl compound used is propionone, classified in class 546, subclass 249-255, depending upon an election of a single disclosed reaction to make a single disclosed pyridine.
- VI. Claims 1-11 (in part), drawn to methods of making pyridine wherein the carbonyl compound used is another ketone not acetone or propionone, classified in class 546, subclass 249-255, depending upon an election of a single disclosed reaction to make a single disclosed pyridine.
- VII. Claims 1-11 (in part), drawn to methods of making picoline wherein the carbonyl compound used is formaldehyde, classified in class 546, subclass 348-353, depending upon an election of a single disclosed reaction to make a single disclosed picoline.
- VIII. Claims 1-11 (in part), drawn to methods of making picoline wherein the carbonyl compound used is acetaldehyde, classified in class 546, subclass 348-353, depending upon an election of a single disclosed reaction to make a single disclosed picoline.
- IX. Claims 1-11 (in part), drawn to methods of making picoline wherein the carbonyl compound used is propionaldehyde, classified in class 546, subclass 348-353, depending upon an election of a single disclosed reaction to make a single disclosed picoline.

- X. Claims 1-11 (in part), drawn to methods of making picoline wherein the carbonyl compound used is acetone, classified in class 546, subclass 348-353, depending upon an election of a single disclosed reaction to make a single disclosed picoline.
- XI. Claims 1-11 (in part), drawn to methods of making picoline wherein the carbonyl compound used is propionone, classified in class 546, subclass 348-353, depending upon an election of a single disclosed reaction to make a single disclosed picoline.
- XII. Claims 1-11 (in part), drawn to methods of making picoline wherein the carbonyl compound used is another ketone not acetone or propionone, classified in class 546, subclass 348-353, depending upon an election of a single disclosed reaction to make a single disclosed picoline.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

- a. Inventions I-VI and VII-XII are directed to related processes. The related inventions are distinct if the (1) the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect; (2) the inventions do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; and (3) the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the inventions as claimed have different products and use different reactants.

Furthermore, the inventions as claimed do not encompass overlapping subject matter and there is nothing of record to show them to be obvious variants.

b. Inventions I and II-VI are directed to related processes. The related inventions are distinct if the (1) the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect; (2) the inventions do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; and (3) the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the inventions as claimed have different products and use different reactants. Furthermore, the inventions as claimed do not encompass overlapping subject matter and there is nothing of record to show them to be obvious variants.

c. Inventions VII and VIII-XII are directed to related processes. The related inventions are distinct if the (1) the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect; (2) the inventions do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; and (3) the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the inventions as claimed have different products and use different reactants. Furthermore, the inventions as claimed do not encompass overlapping subject matter and there is nothing of record to show them to be obvious variants.

2. Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required

because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

3. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

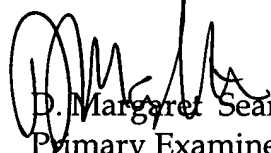
4. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim

remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to D. Margaret Seaman whose telephone number is 571-272-0694. The examiner can normally be reached on 730am-4pm, Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas McKenzie can be reached on 571-272-0670. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.


D. Margaret Seaman
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1625